







Frontispiece and p. 8: Giusto Utens (Iustus van Utens), Palazzo Pitti and the Forte Belvedere, c. 1599, Florence, Villa La Petraia

pp. 4-5: A view of Palazzo Pitti from the Boboli Gardens

pp. 28-29: The façade of Palazzo Pitti

p. 31: Pietro da Cortona, The Medici Coat of Arms (detail), Palatine Gallery, Mars Room, ceiling

p. 121: Royal Apartments, Green Room

p. 129: Luigi Catoni, At the Faculty of Science, Modern Art Gallery, Room 11

p. 195: Annibale Gatti, Italy Takes her Place Among the Nations Led by the Genius of the House of Savoy (detail), Museum of Costume and Fashion

p. 207: Ottavio Lorenzini, Lorenzo Amidst the Artists (detail), Treasury of the Grand Dukes,

Room of Giovanni da San Giovanni

p. 229: The Boboli Gardens Amphitheatre seen from Palazzo Pitti

p. 245: The Palazzina del Cavaliere, home of the Porcelain Museum

pp. 248-249: Digital rendering of Palais Pitti, drawing by Philippe Benoit, lithograph by Charles Claude Bachelier, from L'Italie monumentale et artistique, 1845



ISBN 978-88-3340-007-5

© 2018 Ministero per i beni e le attività culturali - Gallerie degli Uffizi

published by s illabe s.r.l. Livorno www.sillabe.it info@sillabe.it

managing editor: Maddalena Paola Winspeare

graphic design: Laura Belforte

layout: Ilaria Manetti

copy-editor: Giulia Bastianelli

translated from the Italian by Julia H. Weiss

photo credits: Ministero dei Beni e delle attività culturali e del turismo; Gabinetto Fotografico delle Gallerie degli Uffizi: photo Sergio Garbari; Archivio sillabe: photo Remo Bardazzi, Cristian Ceccanti, Paolo Nannoni; photo Antonio Quattrone; photo Claudio Giusti.

Reprint

Year

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027



CONTENTS



The Pitti Palace,
From Regal Residence to Museum 9
Alessandro Cecchi

Works

Treasury of the Grand Dukes	31
Palatine Gallery	53
Royal Apartments	141
Modern Art Gallery	149
Museum of Costume and Fashion	215
Boboli Gardens	229
Porcelain Museum	245

Index 249



Palatine Gallery and Royal Apartments

Accessible. Closed: Mondays, January 1, May 1, December 25.

Modern Art Gallery

Accessible. Closed: Mondays; January 1, May 1, December 25.

Winter Suite or Apartments of the Duchess of Aosta

Visits by appointment only.

Museum of Costume and Fashion

Accessible. Closed: first and last Monday of each month; January 1, May 1, December 25.

Treasury of the Grand Dukes

Accessible. Closed: first and last Monday of each month; January 1, May 1, December 25.

Boboli Gardens

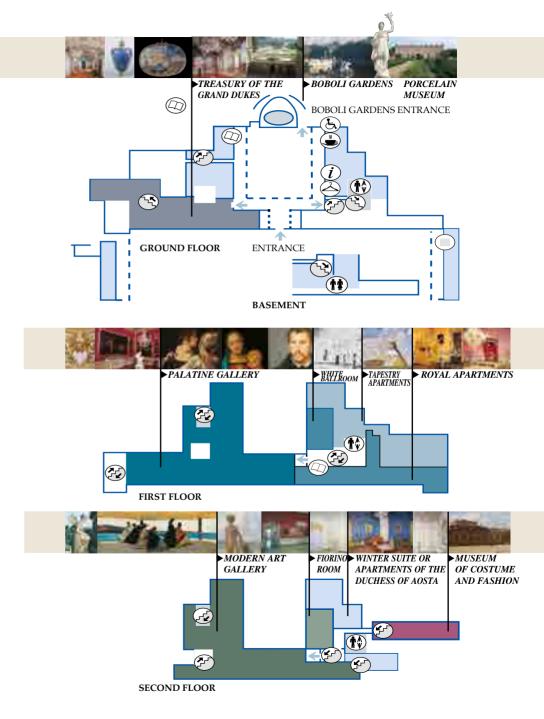
Accessible. Closed: first and last Monday of each month, January 1, May 1, December 25.

Porcelain Museum

Closed: first and last Monday of each month; January 1, May 1, December 25.

For information and bookings contact Firenze Musei:

tel. (+39) 055.294883-2654321, Monday to Friday 8.30 am-6.30 pm, Saturday 8.30 am-12.30 pm (answer phone operative at other times).





Giusto Utens (Iustus van Utens)

Palazzo Pitti and the Forte Belvedere, c. **1599**Florence, Villa La Petraia

The Pitti Palace, From Regal Residence to Museum

Anyone walking up the forecourt dominated by the grand building that embraces the square may find it hard to believe that the original fifteenth-century core was much smaller, with just seven windows. The lunette by the Flemish artist, Giusto Utens shows the ashlar façade the way it was in the late sixteenth-century, with the early arrangement of the Boboli Gardens and the Forte Belvedere, overlooking the gardens that was commissioned by Ferdinando I de' Medici and built by Bernardo Buontalenti in the 1490s.

An archive document tells us that the palace was built before 1461, probably by Luca Fancelli who, according to Vasari, worked to plans by Brunelleschi. It was commissioned by Luca Pitti a wealthy banker; but when his descendants ran into financial problems they sold it, and the garden, to Cosimo I de' Medici's wife, duchess Eleonora de Toledo in 1550. The Spanish lady must have felt uncomfortable and confined in Palazzo Vecchio: the old palace in the middle of the city, where the couple settled in 1540 just a year after their wedding, had no gardens.

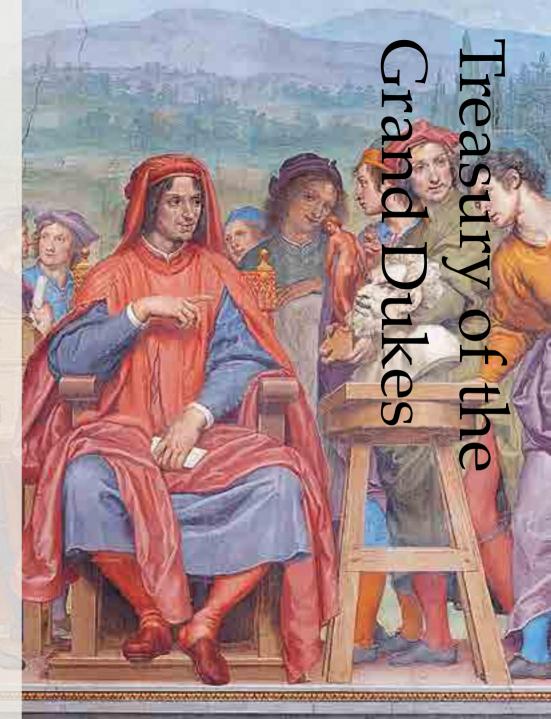
The focus of the initial works, financed by the duchess to designs by Niccolò Tribolo who died shortly after completing the drawings, was the gardens, with the construction of the *Grotticina di Madama* (Madama Grotto) (1553-1555) and a pond by Vasari, that has since been replaced by the *Grotta del Buontalenti* (Buontalenti Grotto) (1583-1593).

The first expansion work on the palazzo was begun in 1561, designed and directed by Bartolomeo Ammannati who built the majestic courtyard that opens towards the amphitheatre (inaugurated in 1637) and is named for him.

Eleonora could only see the beginnings of the work at Pitti and on the new apartment in Palazzo Vecchio meant for her, because she, and her children Giovanni and Garzia contracted malaria in Pisa and died in 1562.



1	Luca Pitti Room (Sala di Luca Pitti)	13	Ivories and Reliquaries
2	Room of Giovanni da San Giovanni		(Sala degli avo <mark>ri e dei</mark> reliquiari)
	(Sala di Giovanni da San Giovanni)	14	Cameos (Sala d <mark>ei cammei</mark>)
3	Lorenzo de' Medici Room (Sala di Lorenzo)	15	Jewels (Sala dei g <mark>ioielli)</mark>
4	Grotticina	16	Treasure of Salzburg (Tesoro di Salisburgo)
5	Chapel (Cappellina)	17	Treasure of Salzburg (Tesoro di Salisburgo)
6	Public Audience Room	18	Loggia
	(Sala dell'Udienza Pubblica)	19	Small Treasures (Tesoretto)
7	Crystals and Semiprecious Stones	20	Exotic Collections (Sala esotica)
	(Sala dei cristalli e delle pietre dure)	21	Chinese Porcelain (Sala delle porcellane cinesi)
8	Ajax Courtyard (Cortile dell'Aiace)	22	Japanese Porcelain
9	Ambers (Sala delle ambre)		(Sala delle porcellane giapponesi)
10	Private Audience Room	23	Gifts (Sala delle donazioni)
	(Sala dell'Udienza Pubblica)	24	Casts (Sala dei calchi)
11	Third Audience Room	25	Corridor of Casts (Corridoio dei calchi)
	(Terza Sala dell'Udienza)	26	Corridor of Reliquaries
12	Ivories (Sala degli avori)		(Corridojo dei reliquiari)





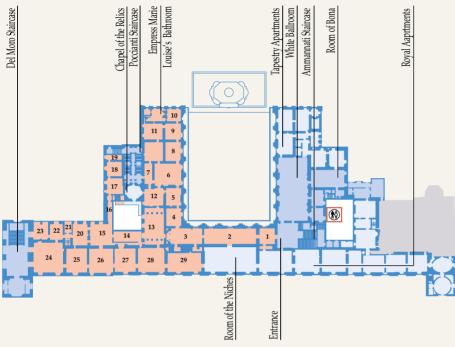




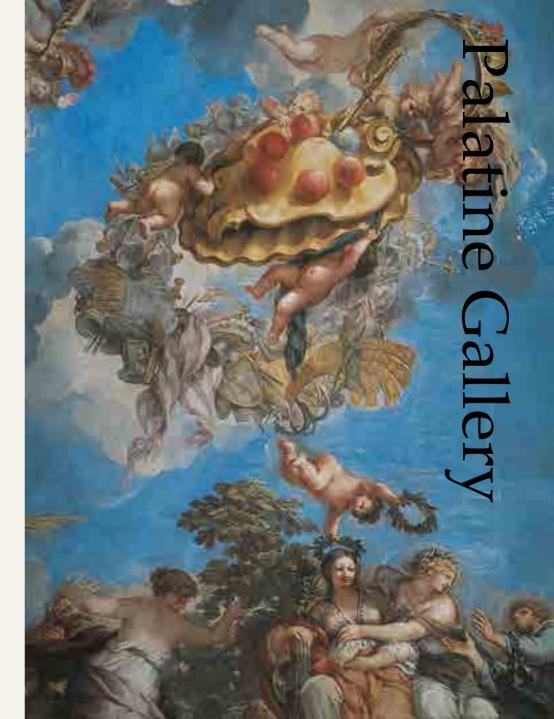
Venetian Manufacture and Florentine Silver-and-Gold Work (Giusto da Firenze)

Vase, 13th century; mount, 15th century red jasper, gilded and enamelled silver mount, ht. 27 cm, engraving: "Laur. Med."

First Floor



		≃1	ш
1	Footmen's Antechamber	16	Corridor of the Columns
	(Anticamera degli Staffieri)		(Corridoio delle Colonne)
2	Gallery of the Statues (Galleria delle Statue)	17	Room of Justice (Sala della Giustizia)
3	Castagnoli Room (Sala Castagnoli)	18	Flora Room (Sala di Flora)
4	Room of the Allegories (Sala delle Allegorie)	19	Room of the Cupids (Sala dei Putti)
5	Room of the Fine Arts (Sala delle Belle Arti)	20	Ulysses Room (Sala di Ulisse)
6	Hercules Room (Sala di Ercole)	21	Napoleon's Bathroom (Bagno di Napoleone)
7	Vitrine Room (Sala delle Vetrine)	22	Education of Jupiter Room
8	Aurora Room (Sala dell'Aurora)		(Sala dell'Educazione di Giove)
9	Berenice Room (Sala di Berenice)	23	Heating Room (Sala della Stufa)
10	Psyche Room (Sala di Psiche)	24	Iliad Room (Sala dell'Iliade)
11	Room of Fame (Sala della Fama)	25	Saturn Room (Sala di Saturno)
12	Room of the Ark (Sala dell'Arca)	26	Jupiter Room (Sala di Giove)
13	Music Room (Sala della Musica)	27	Mars Room (Sala di Marte)
14	Poccetti Corridor (Corridoio del Poccetti)	28	Apollo Room (Sala di Apollo)
15	Prometheus Room (Sala di Prometeo)	29	Venus Room (Sala di Venere)

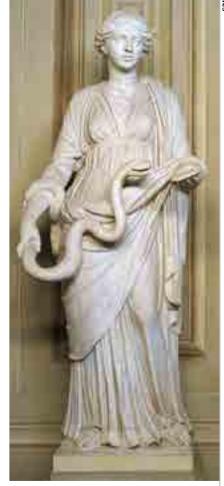












Roman Art Aphrodite of Knidos, 1st-2nd century A.D. marble, ht. 199 cm

Roman Art Aesculapius, 2nd century A.D. marble, ht. 201 cm

Roman Art Athlete, 2nd century A.D. marble, ht. 66 cm

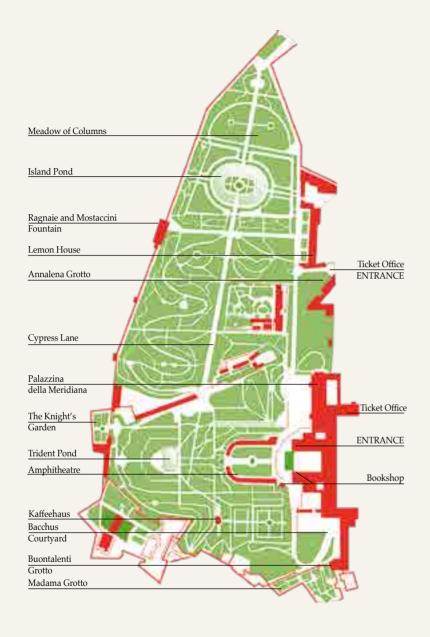
Roman Art Hygieia, 2nd century A.D. marble, ht. 202 cm

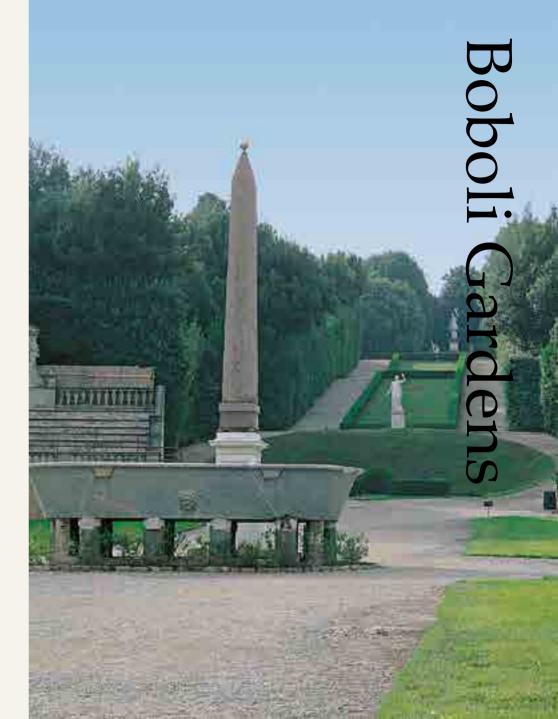


Baldassare Franceschini, called Volterranno One of Parson Arlotto's Tricks, c. 1640 canvas, 107 × 150 cm



Emilio Zocchi *The Young Michelangelo Sculpting the Head of a Faun,* 1861 marble, ht. 60 cm

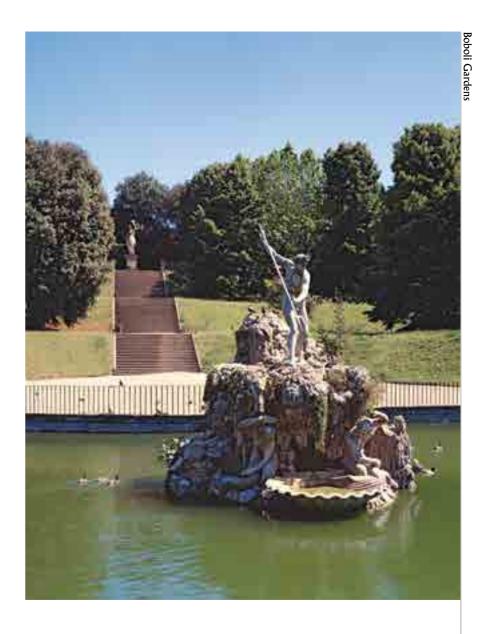






Giambologna Pietro Tacca Sebastiano Salvini da Settignano

Sebastiano Salvini da Settignano
Abundance, 1608, 1636-1637
white marble (bronze stalks), ht. 400 cm



Stoldo Lorenzi
Neptune Fountain with Naiads and Tritons, 1565-1568
bronze, white marble